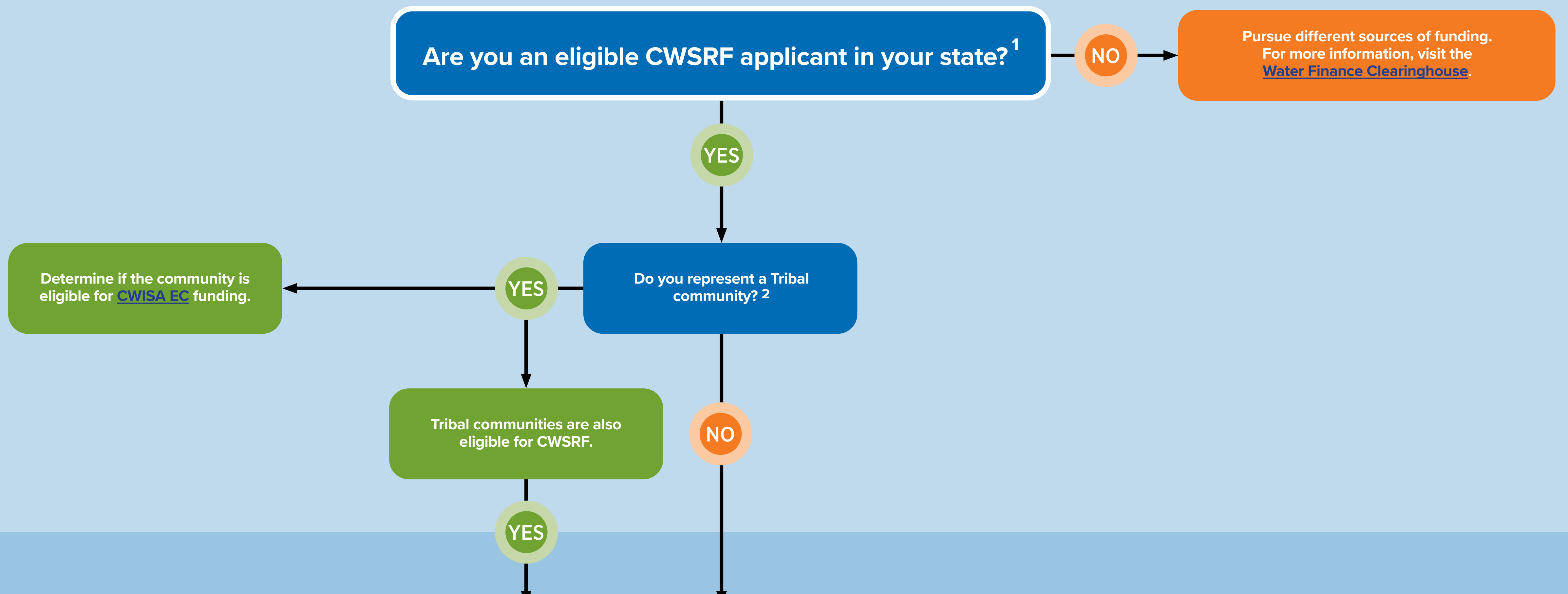
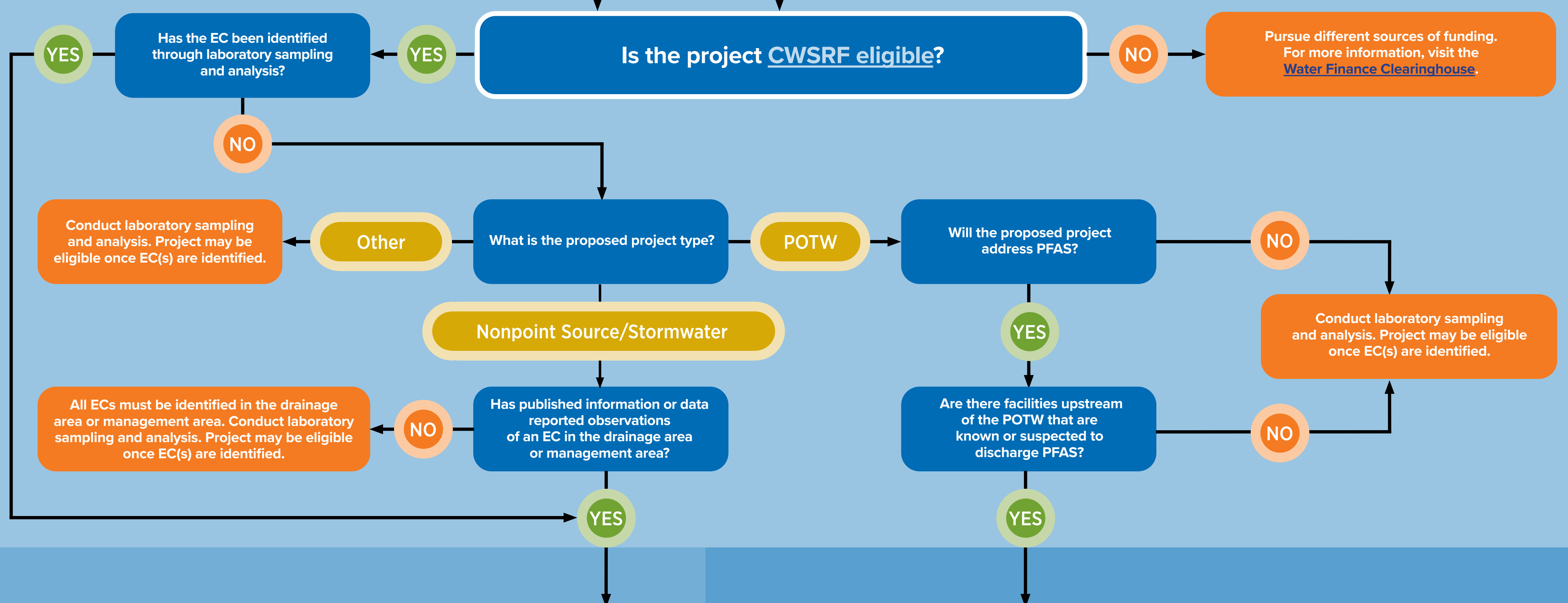


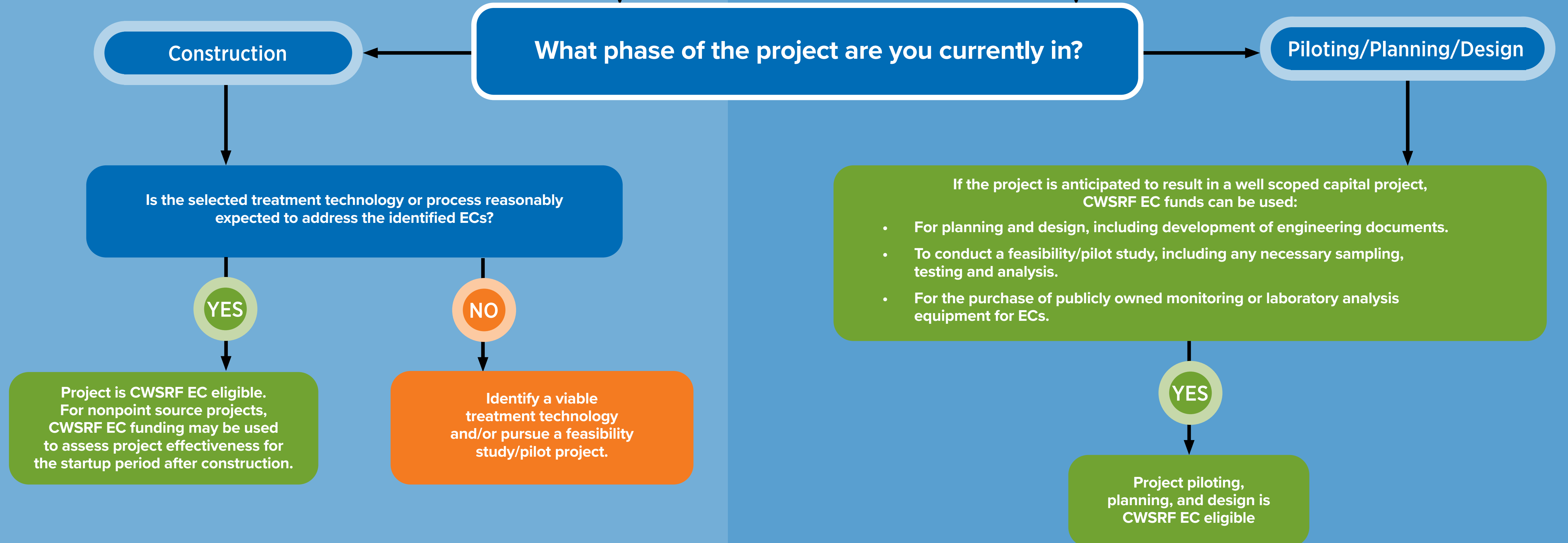
## STEP 1



## STEP 2



## STEP 3



### Footnotes:

- 1 Eligible applicants/borrowers may vary by state, please see this link for specifics for your state: <https://www.epa.gov/cwsrf/state-cwsrf-program-contacts>
- 2 Any Indian Tribe, band, group, or community recognized by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) in its list (<https://www.bia.gov/service/tribal-leaders-directory>) of all federally recognized tribes in the United States are eligible for CWISA EC funding as well as funding through the CWISA program. From <https://www.epa.gov/small-and-rural-wastewater-systems/clean-water-indian-set-aside-program-guidance>

### Acronyms:

CWISA	Clean Water Indian Set Aside
CWSRF	Clean Water State Revolving Fund
EC	Emerging Contaminant
POTW	Publicly Owned Treatment Works

### Glossary:

**Emerging Contaminant (EC)** – Substance or microorganism, including manufactured or naturally occurring physical, chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear material, which is known or anticipated in the environment, which may pose newly identified or re-emerging risks to human health, aquatic life, or the environment. With the exception of PFAS, ECs are contaminants that do not have water quality criteria established by EPA under Clean Water Act section 304(a). A description of ECs can be found in Appendix B of EPA's March 2022 memorandum, [Implementation of the Clean Water and Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Provisions of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law \(pdf\)](#).