

North Carolina Nutrient TMDLs: Integrating State and Federal Programs

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NC Division of Water Quality
EPA Nutrient TMDL Workshop
February 16, 2011

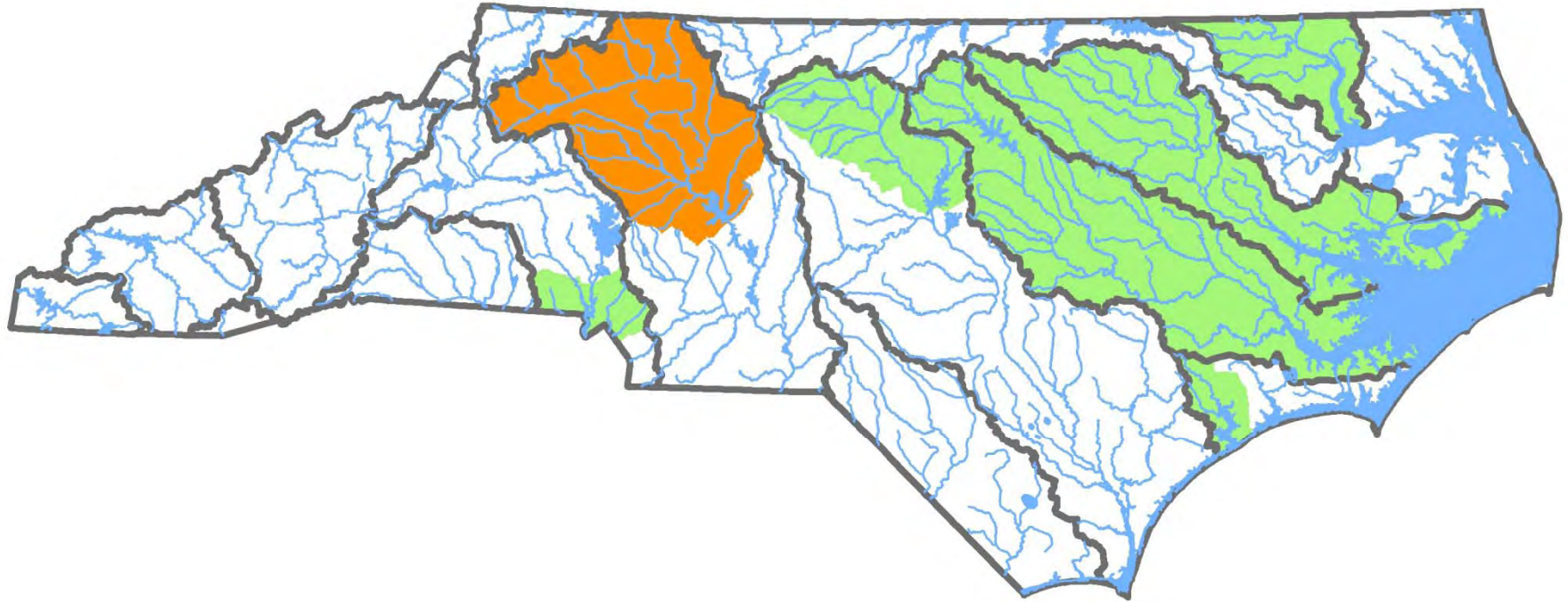
A decorative banner at the bottom of the slide features a blue background with white and light blue illustrations of a fish, a plant, a bird, and various circular patterns representing water quality or environmental science.

N.C. Division of Water Quality

Outline

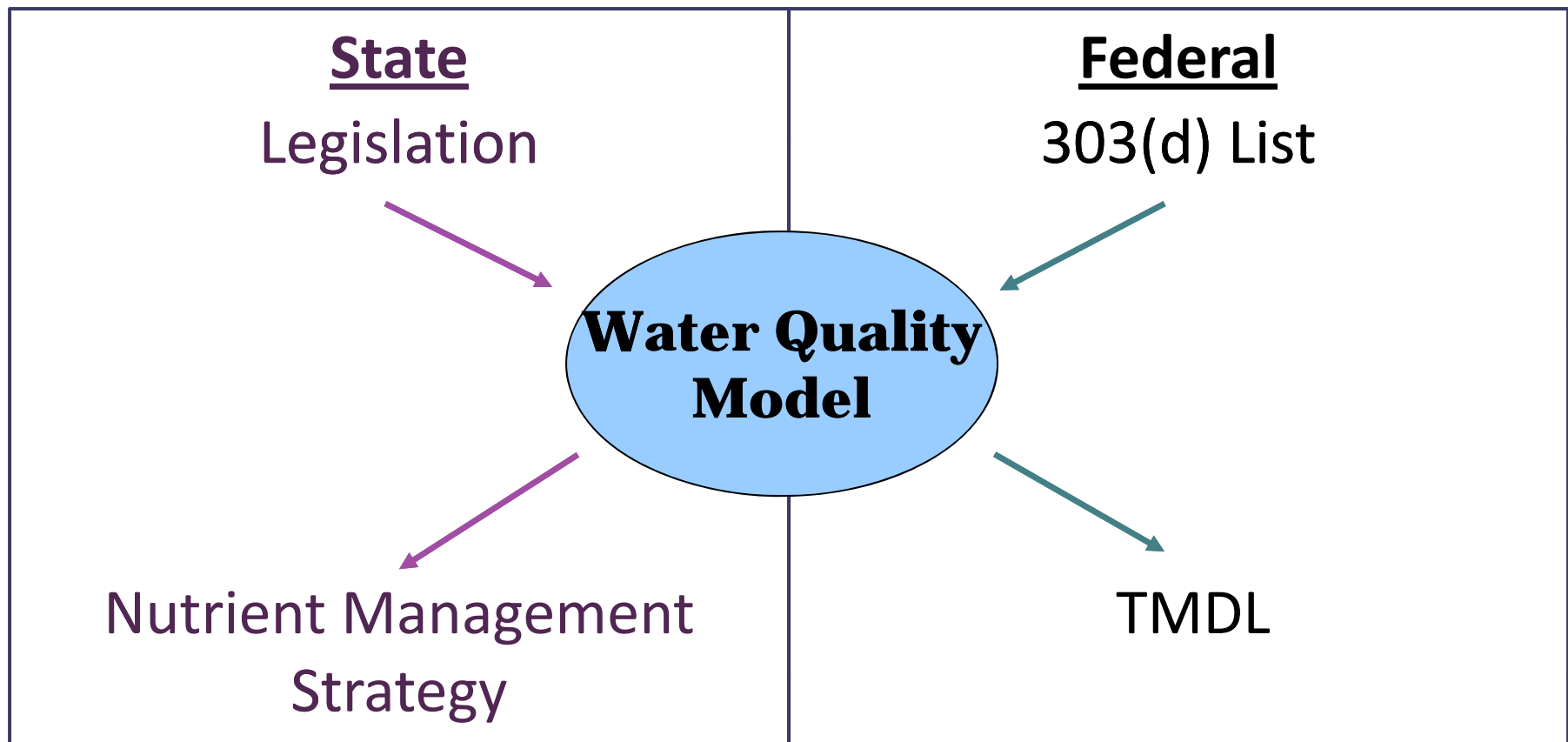
- **Nutrient Management History**
- **State/Federal Processes**
- **NC Water Quality Standard**
- **Nutrient Management Strategies**
- **Example: Falls Lake**
- **Future Efforts**

Nutrient Management History



- **Chowan River 1981**
- **Detergent P ban 1988**
- **Tar Pamlico 1991**
- **Lake Wylie 1996**
- **Neuse River 1997**
- **Jordan Lake 2009**
- **Falls Lake 2010**
- **High Rock Lake (soon)**

Processes for NC Waters Impaired by Nutrients



NC Water Quality Standard

- **Chlorophyll-*a***
 - Adopted 1979
 - (15A NCAC 02B .0211 (3) (a))
 - (15A NCAC 02B .0220 (3) (a))
 - Applies to all waters/all places
 - 40 $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$ for all waters except trout waters (15 $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$)





Nutrient Management Strategy

- “Implementation Plan”
- Regulatory rulemaking
- Requires:
 - Calibrated nutrient response model
 - Specific reductions for ALL sources
 - Timeline for implementation
 - Cost analysis
 - Stakeholder involvement
 - Progress evaluation reports

Trends in Nutrient Strategies

Earlier

Mostly point sources

Coastal

Basins

Technology-based

Later

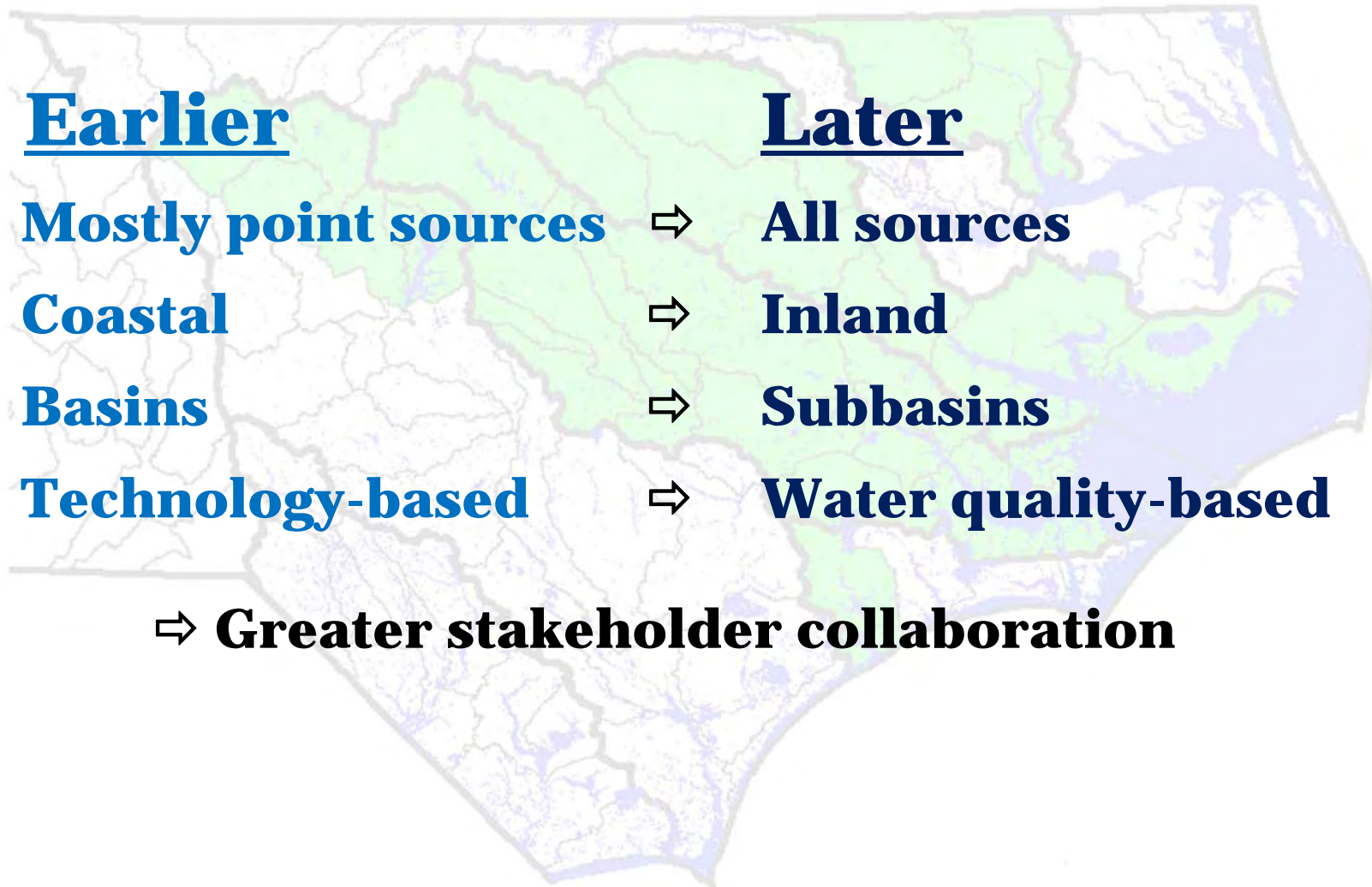
All sources

Inland

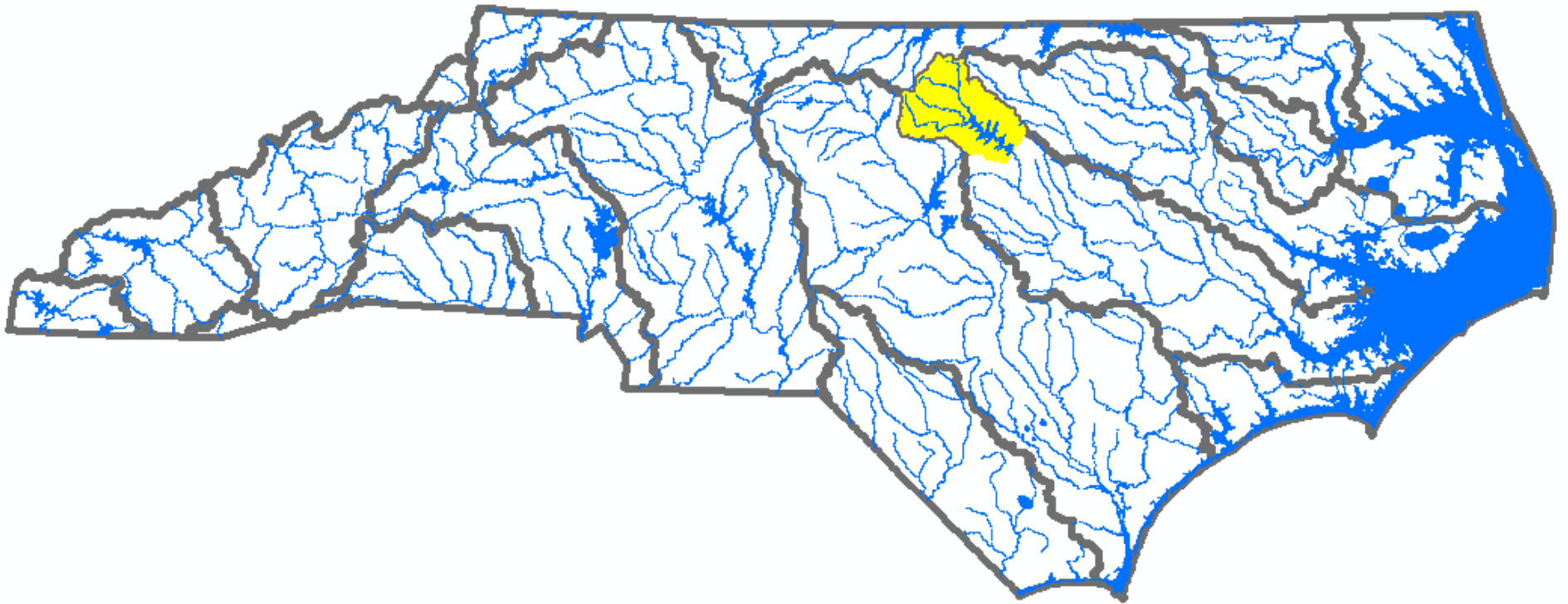
Subbasins

Water quality-based

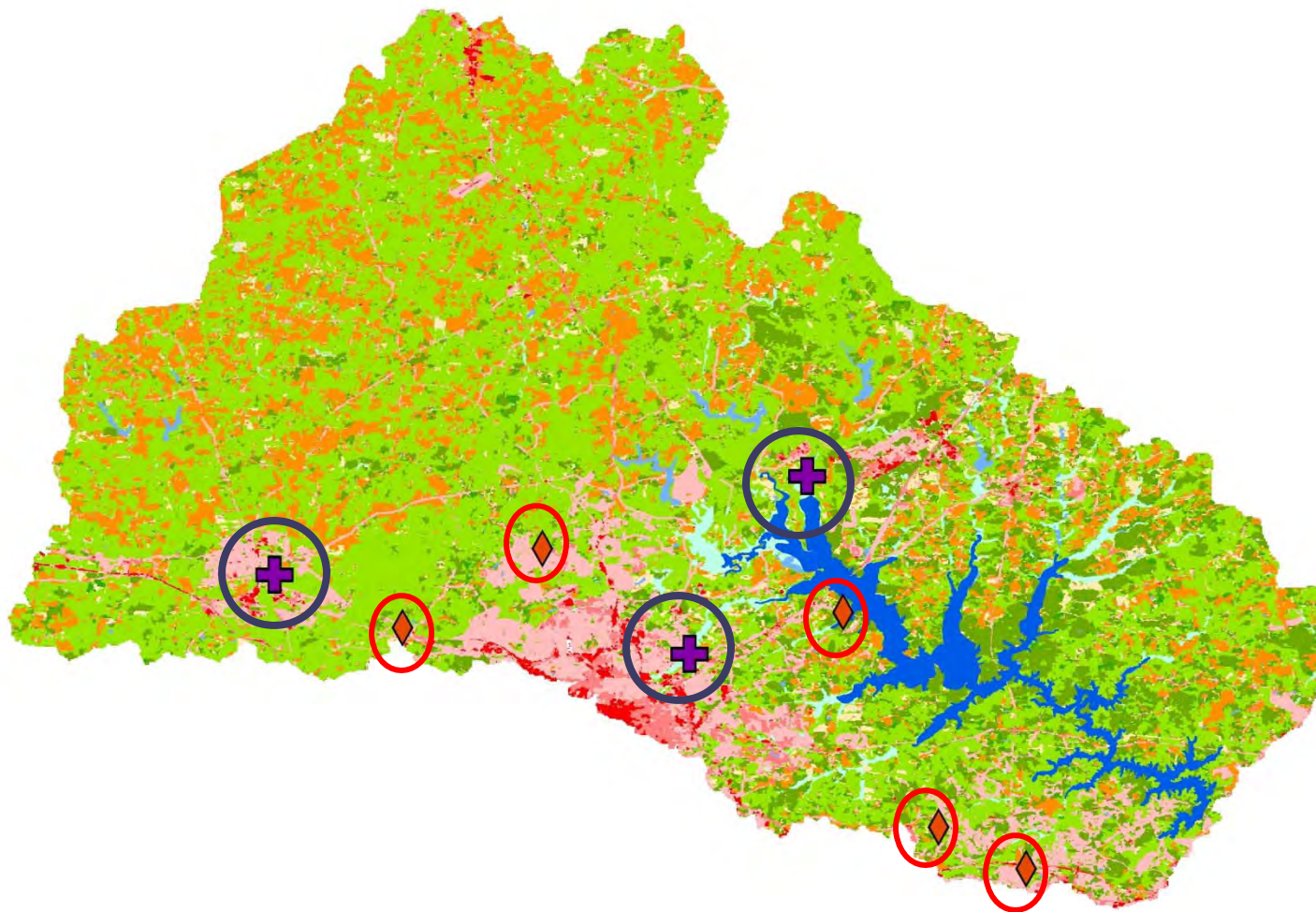
⇒ **Greater stakeholder collaboration**



Example: Falls Lake



Falls Lake Watershed

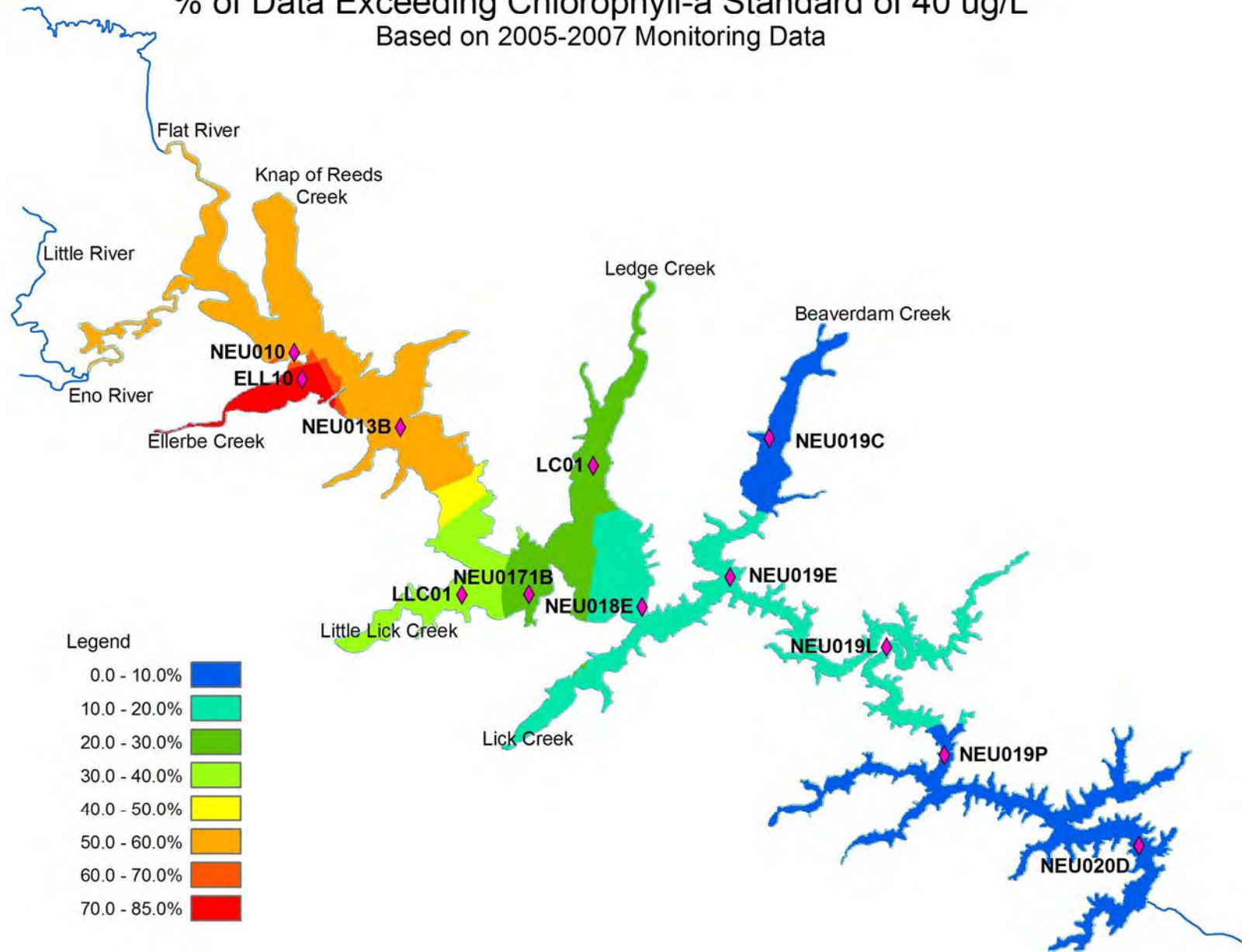


Legend

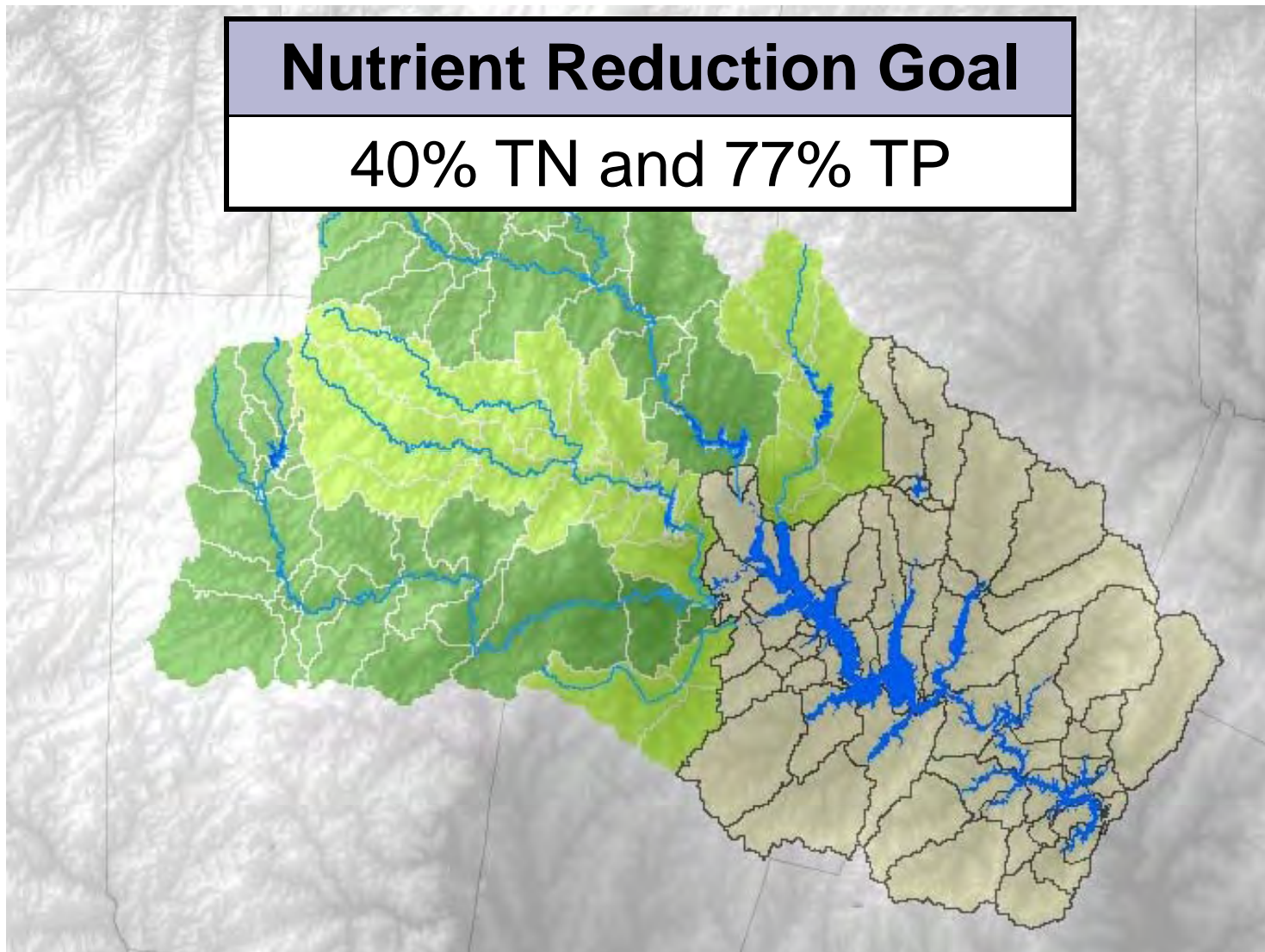
2001 Land Cover

- 11 - Open Water
- 21 - Developed, Open
- 22 - Developed, Low
- 23 - Developed, Med
- 24 - Developed, High
- 31 - Barren Land
- 41 - Forest, Deciduous
- 42 - Forest, Evergreen
- 43 - Forest, Mixed
- 52 - Shrub
- 71 - Grassland
- 81 - Pasture/Hay
- 82 - Crops
- 90 - Wetlands, Woody
- 95 - Wetlands, Emergent
- ◆ Minor WWTP
- + Major WWTP

% of Data Exceeding Chlorophyll-a Standard of 40 ug/L Based on 2005-2007 Monitoring Data



Example: Falls Lake



Components of Falls Lake Nutrient Management Strategy

- Goals
- Definitions
- New Development
- Existing Development
- Wastewater Discharge
- Agriculture
- State & Federal Entity
- Options for Offsetting Nutrient Loads



Components of Falls Lake Nutrient Management Strategy

- Fiscal analysis
 - Estimated cost: < **\$1.5B**
 - Estimated benefit: > **\$603M**
- Effective January 2011
- Fully implemented by 2036
- TMDL?

<http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/wq/ps/nps/fallslake>

Future Efforts

- Refine accounting tools
- Identify gaps in source identification
- Update chlorophyll-*a* standard
- Prevent future impairments



A New Proposal: Threshold Chlorophyll-*a* Levels

- Are **not** water quality standards
- Exceedances \neq water quality impairment
- Exceedances = implementation of proactive nutrient control measures
- **Prevent** impairment





Questions?

www.ncwaterquality.org